

BARBOURVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

**BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022**

with

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	8
Statement of Activities	9
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	10
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position	11
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	12
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	13
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	14
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Funds	15
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	16
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	17
Statement of changes in Fiduciary Net Position-Fiduciary Funds	18
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	19
Required Supplementary Information	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund	49
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Special Revenue Fund	50

Notes to Required Supplementary Information – Budget and Actual – General Fund and Special Revenue Fund.....	51
Schedule of the District’s Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – County Employees Retirement System.....	52
Schedule of District Contributions – County Employees Retirement System.....	53
Notes to Required Supplementary Information – County Employees Retirement System – Pension Fund.....	54
Schedule of the District’s Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability – County Employees Retirement System – Medical Insurance Plan.....	55
Schedule of District Contributions – County Employees Retirement System – Medical Insurance Plan.....	56
Notes to Required Supplementary Information – County Employees Retirement System – Insurance Fund.....	57
Schedule of the State’s Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability – Kentucky Teachers’ Retirement System.....	58
Schedule of State Contributions – Kentucky Teachers’ Retirement System.....	59
Notes to Required Supplementary Information Kentucky Teachers Retirement System.....	60
Schedule of the District’s Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability – Kentucky Teachers’ Retirement System – Medical Insurance Plan.....	61
Schedule of District’s Contributions – Kentucky Teachers’ Retirement System – Medical Insurance Plan.....	62
Notes to Required Supplementary Information – Kentucky Teachers’ Retirement System – Medical Insurance Plan.....	63
Schedule of the State’s Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability – Kentucky Teachers’ Retirement System – Life Insurance Plan.....	64
Schedule of State Contributions – Kentucky Teachers’ Retirement System – Life Insurance Plan.....	65
Notes to Required Supplementary Information – Kentucky Teachers’ Retirement System – Life Insurance Fund.....	66
Other Supplementary Information	
Combining Balance Sheet – Non-major Governmental Funds.....	67
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Non-major Governmental Funds.....	68
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Elementary and Middle School Activity Funds.....	69
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Barbourville Independent High School Activity Fund.....	70

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.....	73
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.....	75
Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Basic Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	76
Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by Uniform Guidance.....	78
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs – Major Programs	81
Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings	83
Independent Auditors' Transmittal Letter for Management Letter Comments	85
Management Letter Comments	86



Cloyd & Associates, PSC
Certified Public Accountants
and
Business Advisors

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Kentucky State Committee for
School District Audits
Members of the Board of Education
Barbourville Independent School District
Barbourville, Kentucky

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Barbourville Independent School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Barbourville Independent School District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the audit requirements of *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in *Appendix I to the Auditor's Contract-General Audit Requirements and Appendix II to the Independent Auditor's Contract-State Audit Requirements*. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Barbourville Independent School District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit program.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Barbourville Independent School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.





Cloyd & Associates, PSC
Certified Public Accountants
and
Business Advisors

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statement

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, so such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information and the pension and other postemployment benefits liability and contributions information per the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.





Cloyd & Associates, PSC

*Certified Public Accountants
and
Business Advisors*

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Barbourville Independent School District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by the Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Governmental Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report, dated November 10, 2022, on our consideration of Barbourville Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. The report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Barbourville Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Cloyd & Associates, PSC

Cloyd & Associates, PSC
London, Kentucky
November 10, 2022



BARBOURVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)
Year ended June 30, 2022

The management of Barbourville Independent School District offers readers this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities and educational programs of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. We encourage readers to review the information presented here in conjunction with additional information found within the body of this audit.

This Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of the reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in their Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments, issued June 1999; GASB Statement No. 37, Basic Financial Statement - and Management Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments: Omnibus, an amendment to GASB Statements No. 21 and No. 34, issued in June 2001; and in GASB Statement No. 38, Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures, issued in 2001. Certain comparative information between the current year and the prior year is required to be presented in the MD&A.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The ending cash balance for the District was \$1,726,276 in 2022 and \$1,076,007 in 2021.
- The General Fund had \$5,442,355 in revenue, excluding interfund transfers and capital lease proceeds. The General Fund revenue consists primarily of our state funding allocation (SEEK) at \$2,907,887 (53.43%); and local taxation of property, utilities, and motor vehicle taxes of \$853,431 (17.87%).
- Excluding interfund transfers, there was \$5,533,839 in General Fund expenditures.
- The District Food Service had revenues of \$669,033 and expenditures of \$704,667.
- Bonds are issued as the District renovates facilities consistent with long-range facilities plan that is established with the community's input and keeping with the Kentucky Department of Education stringent compliance regulations. The total debt related to facilities decreased by \$290,000 during the current fiscal year.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods. The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are primarily supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation, and operation of non-instructional services. Fixed asset acquisitions and related debt are also supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on the table of contents of this report.

Fund financial statement. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities and objectives. There is a state mandated uniform system and chart of

BARBOURVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)-CONTINUED
Year ended June 30, 2022

accounts for all Kentucky public school districts utilizing the MUNIS administrative software. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are trust funds established by benefactors to aid in student education, welfare and teacher support. The proprietary funds are our food service and day care operations. All other activities of the District are included in the governmental funds. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on the table of contents of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The financial statements can be found on pages 8-18 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment and construction in progress), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The District used these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

Net Position for the period ending June 30, 2022

Fiscal year 2022 government-wide net position compared to 2021 is as follows:

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Current and other assets	\$ 2,229,466	\$ 1,834,308
Capital assets	7,439,352	7,555,204
Total Assets	<u>\$ 9,668,818</u>	<u>\$ 9,389,512</u>
Deferred outflow of resources	<u>\$ 1,319,481</u>	<u>\$ 868,813</u>
Current liabilities	\$ 487,776	\$ 481,089
Noncurrent liabilities	7,495,001	8,029,055
Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 7,982,777</u>	<u>\$ 8,510,144</u>
Deferred inflow of resources	<u>\$ 1,432,265</u>	<u>\$ 876,609</u>
Net investment in capital assets, net	\$ 2,786,351	\$ 2,581,816
Restricted net position	442,574	298,105
Unrestricted net position	<u>(1,655,668)</u>	<u>(2,008,349)</u>
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 1,573,257</u>	<u>\$ 871,572</u>

Net Position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, governmental assets exceeded liabilities by approximately \$1,885,916; proprietary liabilities exceeded assets by \$312,659 and total assets exceeded liabilities by \$1,573,257 at June 30, 2022.

BARBOURVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)
Year ended June 30, 2022

The following table presents a fund accounting comparison and summary of revenue and expense for Government Funds only for the fiscal years 2022 and 2021:

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Revenues and other financing sources		
Local revenue sources	\$ 1,430,219	\$ 1,174,499
State revenue sources	5,466,101	5,151,743
Federal revenue	1,608,049	1,386,456
Total revenue	<u>8,504,369</u>	<u>7,712,698</u>
Expenditures and other financing uses		
Instruction	4,558,957	4,368,788
Student support services	219,786	236,844
Instructional support	294,946	281,146
District administration	406,764	535,798
School administration	337,015	220,071
Business operations	407,500	402,935
Plant operation and maintenance	931,456	640,854
Student transportation	114,104	196,851
Community services	79,809	80,945
Student activities	286,942	31,332
Debt service	473,248	460,280
Total expenditures	<u>8,110,527</u>	<u>7,455,844</u>
Excess revenues (expenditures)	<u>\$ 393,842</u>	<u>\$ 256,854</u>
Other financing sources (uses)		
Capital lease/Bond proceeds	\$ -	\$ 108,094
Payments to escrow agents for defeasement	-	-
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	-	-
Transfers in	634,592	317,924
Transfers out	(634,592)	(317,924)
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 108,094</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ 393,842</u>	<u>\$ 364,948</u>

On-behalf payments are included in the above amounts. On-behalf, as defined by the KDE, are payments the state makes on behalf of employees to the various agencies for health and life insurance, retirement, and administration fees. The on-behalf payments are allocated to expense as mandated by the KDE and are credited to revenues; therefore, have no effect on the District's fund balance.

BUDGETARY IMPLICATION

In Kentucky, the public-school fiscal year is July 1 through June 30; other programs, such as, some federal programs operate on a different fiscal calendar, but are reflected in the District's overall budget. By law, the budget must have a minimum 2% contingency. The District adopted a working budget with \$346,045 in contingency.

Comments on Budget Comparisons

- The District's total general fund revenues, excluding transfers and capital lease proceeds, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 were \$5,442,355.
- General fund budgeted revenue compared to actual revenue varied from line item to line item with the ending actual balance being \$584,721 more than budget or 12.04% more than budget.
- The total cost of all general fund programs and services, excluding transfers, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 was \$5,533,839.
- General fund budgeted expenditures compared to actual expenditures varied from line item to line item with the ending actual balance being \$256,803 less than budget or 4.43% less than budget.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives.

Questions regarding this report should be directed to the Superintendent or the Director of Financial Services at 606-546-3120, or by mail at 140 School Street, Barbourville, KY 40906.

BARBOURVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,684,581	\$ 41,695	\$ 1,726,276
Accounts receivable:			
Taxes	7,671	-	7,671
Local accounts	25,754	-	25,754
Intergovernmental - State	106,697	-	106,697
Intergovernmental - Federal	352,267	3,316	355,583
Inventory	-	7,484	7,484
Capital Assets, net			
Nondepreciable	4,007,115	-	4,007,115
Depreciable	3,431,394	843	3,432,237
Total assets	9,615,479	53,338	9,668,817
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows from pension	370,665	86,720	457,385
Deferred outflows from OPEB - CERS	271,580	63,539	335,119
Deferred outflows from OPEB - KTRS	526,977	-	526,977
	<u>1,169,222</u>	<u>150,259</u>	<u>1,319,481</u>
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	71,974	-	71,974
Accrued expenses	5,212	-	5,212
Advances from grantors	47,141	-	47,141
Current portion of KSBIT obligations	9,682	-	9,682
Current portion of capital lease obligations	30,888	-	30,888
Current maturities of bond obligations	275,000	-	275,000
Interest payable	47,879	-	47,879
Net pension liability	1,313,021	307,193	1,620,214
Net OPEB - CERS liability	394,166	92,219	486,385
Net OPEB - KTRS liability	1,021,000	-	1,021,000
Noncurrent portion of KSBIT obligations	20,289	-	20,289
Noncurrent portion of capital lease obligations	172,113	-	172,113
Noncurrent maturities of bond obligations	4,175,000	-	4,175,000
Noncurrent portion of accumulated sick leave	-	-	-
Total liabilities	7,583,365	399,412	7,982,777
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows from pension	263,674	61,689	325,363
Deferred inflows from OPEB - CERS	235,747	55,155	290,902
Deferred inflows from OPEB - KTRS	816,000	-	816,000
	<u>1,315,421</u>	<u>116,844</u>	<u>1,432,265</u>
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	2,785,508	843	2,786,351
Restricted for:			
Capital expenditures	593,490	-	593,490
Other	162,586	-	162,586
Unrestricted	(1,655,669)	(313,502)	(1,969,171)
Total net position	\$ 1,885,915	\$ (312,659)	\$ 1,573,256

BARBOURVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year ended June 30, 2022

FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Expenses	Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position		
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Governmental activities							
Instruction	\$ 4,389,999	\$ -	\$ 2,020,850	\$ -	\$ (2,369,149)	\$ -	\$ (2,369,149)
Student	219,786	-	106,361	-	(113,425)	-	(113,425)
Instructional support	294,946	-	106,361	-	(188,585)	-	(188,585)
District administration	406,764	-	248,175	-	(158,589)	-	(158,589)
School administration	337,015	-	212,721	-	(124,294)	-	(124,294)
Business support	407,558	-	248,175	-	(159,383)	-	(159,383)
Plant operations and maintenance	1,073,511	-	496,349	-	(577,162)	-	(577,162)
Student transportation	124,513	-	106,358	-	(18,155)	-	(18,155)
Community services	286,942	-	-	-	(286,942)	-	(286,942)
Other instructional	75,951	-	-	-	(75,951)	-	(75,951)
Interest on long-term debt	150,063	-	-	123,972	(26,091)	-	(26,091)
Total governmental activities	7,767,048	-	3,545,350	123,972	(4,097,726)	-	(4,097,726)
Business-type activities							
Food service	704,667	5,506	663,527	-	-	(35,634)	(35,634)
Total business-type activities	704,667	5,506	663,527	-	-	(35,634)	(35,634)
Total primary government	\$ 8,471,715	\$ 5,506	\$ 4,208,877	\$ 123,972	(4,097,726)	(35,634)	(4,133,360)
			General revenues				
			Taxes:				
			Property		648,756	-	648,756
			Motor vehicle		74,060	-	74,060
			Utility		249,866	-	249,866
			Earnings on investments		3,671	-	3,671
			State formula grants		3,404,828	-	3,404,828
			Sale of equipment		-	-	-
			Other local amounts		453,864	-	453,864
			Total general revenues		4,835,045	-	4,835,045
			Change in net position		737,319	(35,634)	701,685
			Net position as of June 30, 2021		1,148,597	(277,025)	871,572
			Net position as of June 30, 2022		\$ 1,885,916	\$ (312,659)	\$ 1,573,257

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

BARBOURVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

**BALANCE SHEET -
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

June 30, 2022

	General Fund	Special Revenue Funds	Facility Support Program (FSPK) Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 922,896	\$ -	\$ 537,192	\$ 224,493	\$ 1,684,581
Interfund receivables	385,287	-	-	-	385,287
Accounts receivable:					
Taxes	7,671	-	-	-	7,671
Local accounts	25,754	-	-	-	25,754
Intergovernmental - State	-	106,697	-	-	106,697
Intergovernmental - Federal	-	352,267	-	-	352,267
Total assets	\$ 1,341,608	\$ 458,964	\$ 537,192	\$ 224,493	\$ 2,562,257
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities					
Interfund payable	\$ -	\$ 385,287	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 385,287
Accounts payable	19,626	26,536	-	25,812	71,974
Accrued liabilities	5,212	-	-	-	5,212
Advances from grantors	-	47,141	-	-	47,141
Total liabilities	24,838	458,964	-	25,812	509,614
Fund balances					
Restricted	20,203	-	537,192	198,681	756,076
Unassigned	1,296,567	-	-	-	1,296,567
Total fund balances	1,316,770	-	537,192	198,681	2,052,643
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,341,608	\$ 458,964	\$ 537,192	\$ 224,493	\$ 2,562,257

BARBOURVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

**RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO
THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION**

June 30, 2022

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 2,052,643
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds.	7,438,509
Deferred outflows of resources are not recorded in the government fund financials because they do not affect current resources but are recorded in the statement of net position	1,169,222
Bonds payable are not reported in the governmental fund balance sheet because they are not due and payable in the current period, but they are presented in the statement of net position.	(4,479,971)
Capital leases payable are not reported in the governmental fund balance sheet because they are not due and payable in the current period, but they are presented in the statement of net position.	(203,001)
The long term portion of accumulated sick leave is not reported in the governmental fund balance sheet because it is not due and payable in the current period, but it is presented in the statement of net position.	-
Net pension obligation is not reported in the governmental fund balance sheet because it is not due and payable in the current period, but it is presented in the statement of net position	(2,728,188)
Deferred inflows of resources are not recorded in the government fund financials because they do not affect current resources but are recorded in the statement of net position	(1,315,422)
Interest payable is not reported in the governmental fund balance sheet because it is not due and payable in the current period, but it is presented in the statement of net position.	<u>(47,876)</u>
Total net position - governmental activities	<u>\$ 1,885,916</u>

BARBOURVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Year ended June 30, 2022

	General Fund	Special Revenue Funds	Facility Support Program (FSPK) Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues					
From local sources:					
Property	\$ 541,906	\$ -	\$ 106,850	\$ -	\$ 648,756
Motor vehicle	74,060	-	-	-	74,060
Utility	249,866	-	-	-	249,866
Earnings on Investments	3,671	-	-	-	3,671
Other local	100,424	-	-	353,442	453,866
Intergovernmental - State	4,472,428	372,760	437,513	183,400	5,466,101
Intergovernmental - Federal	-	1,608,049	-	-	1,608,049
Total revenues	5,442,355	1,980,809	544,363	536,842	8,504,369
Expenditures					
Current:					
Instruction	3,145,900	1,413,057	-	-	4,558,957
Student	147,690	72,096	-	-	219,786
Instructional support	149,732	145,214	-	-	294,946
District administration	406,764	-	-	-	406,764
School administration	337,015	-	-	-	337,015
Business support	407,500	-	-	-	407,500
Plant operations and maintenance	775,721	155,735	-	-	931,456
Student transportation	114,104	-	-	-	114,104
Food Service	-	-	-	-	-
Community services	-	75,952	-	-	75,952
Building improvements	3,857	-	-	-	3,857
Student activities	-	-	-	286,942	286,942
Debt service	45,556	-	-	427,692	473,248
Total expenditures	5,533,839	1,862,054	-	714,634	8,110,527
Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(91,484)	118,755	544,363	(177,792)	393,842
Other financing sources (uses)					
Capital lease proceeds	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	318,392	12,460	-	303,720	634,592
Transfers out	(12,480)	(131,235)	(431,449)	(59,428)	(634,592)
Total other financing sources (uses)	305,912	(118,755)	(431,449)	244,292	-
Net change in fund balance	214,428	-	112,914	66,500	393,842
Fund balance as of June 30, 2021	1,102,342	-	424,278	132,181	1,658,801
Fund balance as of June 30, 2022	\$ 1,316,770	\$ -	\$ 537,192	\$ 198,681	\$ 2,052,643

BARBOURVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year ended June 30, 2022

Net change in total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 393,842
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements because they use current financial resources, but they are treated as assets in the statement of net position and depreciated over their estimated economic lives. The difference is the amount by which depreciation exceeds capital outlay expense for the year.	(115,163)
Bond and capital lease payments are recognized as expenditures of current financial resources in the governmental fund financial statements, but are reductions of liabilities in the statement of net position.	329,782
Bond and capital lease proceeds are recognized as revenue in the governmental fund financial statements but are increases in liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	-
Interest payments are recognized as expenditures of current financial resources in the governmental fund financial statements, but are expensed as incurred in the statement of activities.	2,798
Pension expense is not recognized on the governmental fund financial statements but is recognized as an expense on the statement of activities	114,533
Accumulated sick leave is recognized by the amount earned in the statement of activities, but the governmental fund financial statements only recognize the obligations anticipated to be retired from existing financial resources.	<u>11,527</u>
Change in net position - governmental activities	<u>\$ 737,319</u>

BARBOURVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION -
 PROPRIETARY FUNDS

June 30, 2022

	<u>Food Service Fund</u>
ASSETS	
Current assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 41,695
Accounts receivable	3,316
Inventory	<u>7,484</u>
Total current assets	<u>52,495</u>
Noncurrent assets	
Capital assets	81,733
Less accumulated depreciation	<u>(80,890)</u>
Total noncurrent assets	<u>843</u>
Total assets	<u>53,338</u>
Deferred outflow of resources	
Deferred outflows from pensions	86,720
Deferred outflows from OPEB - CERS	<u>63,539</u>
	<u>150,259</u>
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable	<u>-</u>
Noncurrent liabilities	
Net pension liability	307,193
Net OPEB - CERS liability	<u>92,219</u>
	<u>399,412</u>
Total liabilities	<u>399,412</u>
Deferred inflow of resources	
Deferred inflows related to pension	61,689
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	<u>55,155</u>
	116,844
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	843
Restricted for:	
Other	-
Unrestricted	<u>(313,502)</u>
Total net position	<u>\$ (312,659)</u>

BARBOURVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION -
PROPRIETARY FUNDS**

Year ended June 30, 2022

	<u>Food Service Fund</u>
Operating revenues	
Lunchroom sales	\$ 5,506
Total operating revenues	<u>5,506</u>
Operating expenses	
Salaries and wages	233,359
Employee benefits	124,910
Materials and supplies	333,145
Pension expense	12,564
Depreciation	<u>689</u>
Total operating expenses	<u>704,667</u>
Operating loss	<u>(699,161)</u>
Nonoperating revenues	
Federal grants	554,274
State grants	75,573
Donated commodities	<u>33,680</u>
Total nonoperating revenues/(expenses)	<u>663,527</u>
Income before contributions, transfers, and special items	<u>(35,634)</u>
Change in net position	(35,634)
Net position as of June 30, 2021	<u>(277,025)</u>
Net position as of June 30, 2022	<u>\$ (312,659)</u>

BARBOURVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

**STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS -
PROPRIETARY FUNDS**

Year ended June 30, 2022

	<u>Food Service Fund</u>
Cash flows from operating activities	
Cash received from:	
Lunchroom sales	\$ 5,506
Other activities	-
Cash paid to/for:	
Employees	(345,705)
Supplies	(248,193)
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>(588,392)</u>
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities	
Grants received	629,847
Transfer from (to) general fund	-
Net cash used in non-capital financing activities	<u>629,847</u>
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	41,455
Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2021	<u>240</u>
Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2022	<u>\$ 41,695</u>
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	
Operating income/ (loss)	\$ (699,161)
Adjustments to reconcile change in net position to net cash used in operating activities:	
(Increase) Decrease in accounts receivable	53,358
(Increase) Decrease in inventory	10,478
Increase (Decrease) in pension expense	12,564
Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable	-
Donated commodities	33,680
Depreciation	<u>689</u>
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>\$ (588,392)</u>
Schedule of non-cash transactions:	
Depreciation	689
Donated commodities	<u>33,680</u>
Total non-cash transactions	<u>\$ 34,369</u>

BARBOURVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION -
FIDUCIARY FUNDS

June 30, 2022

	<u>Private Purpose Trust Fund</u>	<u>Total Fiduciary Funds</u>
ASSETS		
Cash	\$ -	\$ -
Total assets	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -
Due to student groups	-	-
Total liabilities	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total net position - restricted	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

BARBOURVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION -
FIDUCIARY FUNDS**

Year ended June 30, 2022

	Private Purpose Trust Fund	Total Fiduciary Funds.
ADDITIONS		
Receipts	\$ -	\$ -
Total additions	-	-
DEDUCTIONS		
Scholarship	1,100	1,100
Total deductions	1,100	1,100
Income before contributions transfers and special items	(1,100)	(1,100)
Change in net position	(1,100)	(1,100)
Net position June 30, 2021	1,100	1,100
Net position June 30, 2022		
Restricted for scholarship	\$ -	\$ -

1. REPORTING ENTITY

The Barbourville Independent Board of Education ("Board"), a five-member group, is the level of government which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of Barbourville Independent School District ("District"). The District receives funding from Local, State and Federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies which may influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District, for financial purposes, includes all of the funds and activities relevant to the operation of the Barbourville Independent Board of Education. The basic financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations, which, although associated with the school system, have not originated within the Board itself such as Band Boosters, Parent-Teacher Associations, etc. Such funds or groups have been considered as prospective component units under GASB Statement Number 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units*, and have been determined to have insignificant assets, liabilities, equity, revenue and expenditures to be considered component units. In addition, the Board has the ability to exert little control over the fiscal activities of the funds or groups.

The basic financial statements of the District include those of separately administered organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the Board. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, funding, and appointment of the respective governing board.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial statements of the following organization are included in the accompanying financial statements:

Barbourville Independent School District Finance Corporation – In a prior year, the Barbourville Independent Board of Education resolved to authorize the establishment of the Barbourville Independent School District Finance Corporation (a non-profit, non-stock, public and charitable corporation pursuant to Section 162.385 of the School Bond Act and Chapter 273 and Section 58.180 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (the "Corporation") to act as an agency for the District for financing the costs of school building facilities. The members of the Board also comprise the Corporation's Board of Directors.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The District has elected to apply all applicable GASB pronouncements as well as Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989 to its proprietary funds, unless those pronouncements conflict or contradict GASB pronouncements.

The following is a summary of the basis of presentation:

Government-wide Financial Statements - The statement of net position and the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental, which normally are supported by tax revenues, and those that are considered business-type activities, which rely significantly on fees and charges for support.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES-CONTINUED

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities; and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the changes in total fund balances. Proprietary funds and fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the General Fund be reported as a major fund. All other governmental and proprietary funds whose assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures comprise at least 10% of the total for the relevant fund category and at least 5% of the corresponding total for all governmental and proprietary funds combined must also be reported as major funds.

The District has the following funds:

I. Government Fund Types

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. It accounts for all revenues and expenditures of the District not encompassed within other funds. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other funds are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures and the capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund. This is a budgeted fund, and any fund balances are considered as resources available for use. This is always a major fund of the District.

The Special Revenue (Grant) Funds account for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes. It includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of the specified project periods as well as the state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally-funded grant programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards included in this report. This is a major fund of the District.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES-CONTINUED

I. Government Fund Types - continued

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment (other than those financed by Proprietary Funds). The Capital Projects Funds account for revenue and expenditures from three sources:

1. The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund receives those funds designated by the state as Capital Outlay Funds and is restricted for use in financing projects identified in the District's facility plan.
2. The Facility Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK) accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the District's facility plan. This fund met the requirements of a major fund.
3. The Construction Fund accounts for proceeds from sales of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction and/or remodeling.

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest and related cost; and for the payment of interest on general obligation notes payable, as required by Kentucky law.

The District Activity Fund is used to account for funds to support co-curricular and extra-curricular activities not raised or expended by student groups.

II. Proprietary Fund Types (Enterprise Funds)

The Food Service Fund is used to account for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch Program and the National School Breakfast Program, which are conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). Amounts have been recorded for in-kind contribution of commodities from the USDA. The Food Service Fund is a major fund.

The District applies all GASB pronouncements to proprietary funds as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

III. Fiduciary Fund Type (Agency Funds)

The Private Purpose Trust Fund accounts for scholarship trusts that were donated to the school to be used for specific graduating students. The corpus is not permanently restricted.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES-CONTINUED

Revenues, Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions - Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of the fiscal year-end. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenues from nonexchange transactions must also be available before they can be recognized.

Unearned Revenue/Advances from Grantors - Unearned revenue and advances from grantors arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenue or advances from grantors. The District reports liabilities on its statement of net position and governmental funds balance sheet. In both the government-wide and governmental fund statements, grants that are intended to finance future periods are reported as unearned revenue. In subsequent periods, the liabilities for unearned revenue and/or advances are removed from the statement of net position and governmental funds balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Expenses/Expenditures - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on flow of current financial resources. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred except for (1) principal and interest on general long-term debt, which is recorded when due, and (2) the costs of accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave, which are reported as fund liabilities in the period in which they will be liquidated with available financial resources rather than in the period earned by employees.

The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position-proprietary funds as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by September 30 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, for all real and personal property in the county. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer; however, the actual date is based on a period ending 30 days after the tax bill mailing. Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year for which they were levied. All taxes collected are initially deposited into the General Fund and then transferred to the appropriate fund.

The property tax rates (including exonerations) assessed for the year ended June 30, 2022, to finance the General Fund operations were \$.672 per \$100 valuation for real property, \$.672 per \$100 valuation for business personal property and \$.539 per \$100 valuation for motor vehicles.

The District levies a utility gross receipts license tax in the amount of 3% of the gross receipts derived from the furnishings, within the county, of telephonic and telegraphic communications services, cablevision services, electric power, water, and natural, artificial and mixed gas.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES-CONTINUED

Prepaid Assets

Payments made that will benefit periods beyond the end of the fiscal year are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities' column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

All reported capital assets, except land and construction-in-progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives for both general capital assets and proprietary fund assets:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Estimated Lives</u>
Buildings and improvements	25-50 years
Land improvements	20 years
Technology equipment	5 years
School buses	10 years
Other vehicles	5 years
Audio-visual equipment	15 years
Food service equipment	12 years
Furniture and fixtures	7 years
Rolling stock	15 years
Other general equipment	10 years

Interfund Receivables and Payables

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statements of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave Benefits

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees who are currently eligible to receive termination payments and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination are included.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES-CONTINUED

The entire compensated absence liability includes the remaining 70% plus any accrued sick leave for people not eligible and is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental fund financial statements, the amount of accumulated vacation and sick leave of employees has been recorded as an assigned portion of fund balance. The balance of the liability is not recorded.

For governmental fund financial statements the current portion, if any, of unpaid accrued sick leave is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "accumulated sick leave payable" in the General Fund. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

Bonds and Related Premiums, Discounts, and Issuance Costs

In the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discounts. Bond issuance costs are expensed when bonds are issued.

In governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts, as well as debt issuance costs are recognized in the current period. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are also reported as other financing sources. Discounts related to debt issuance are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

Budgetary Process

The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

- Revenues are recorded on the modified accrual basis of accounting (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- Expenditures are recorded on the modified accrual basis of accounting (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Once the budget is approved by the Board, it can be amended. Budgetary receipts represent original estimates modified for adjustments, if any, during the fiscal year. Budgetary disbursements represent original appropriations adjusted for budget transfers and additional appropriations, if any, approved during the fiscal year.

Each budget is prepared and controlled at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. All budget appropriations lapse at year-end.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers demand deposits, certificates of deposit, money market funds, and other investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less, to be cash equivalents.

Receivables

The District recognizes revenues as receivables when they are measurable and receipt is probable. Concentration of credit risk with respect to the receivables from federal and state governments is limited due to the historical stability of those institutions. Federal and state grants to be used or expended as specified by the grantor are recognized as revenue and recorded as receivables as qualifying expenditures are made.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES-CONTINUED

Inventories

On government-wide and governmental fund financial statements inventories of supplies and materials are stated at cost and are expensed when used.

The school Food Service Fund inventory consists of food, supplies and U.S. Government commodities.

The Food Service Fund inventory is stated at cost and uses the specific identification method; the General Fund inventory is stated at cost and uses the first-in, first-out method.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements; and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments, accumulated sick leave, contractually required pension contributions and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within sixty days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

Fund Balances

Fund balances are separated into five categories, as required by GASB 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance is permanently nonspendable by decree of donor. Examples would be an endowment or that which may not be used for another purpose such as amounts used to prepay future expenses or already purchased inventory on hand.

Restricted fund balances arise when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balances are those amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, which, for the District is the Board of Education. The Board of Education must approve by majority vote the establishment (and modification or rescinding) of a fund balance commitment.

Assigned fund balances are those amounts that are constrained by the government's *intent* to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The Board of Education allows program supervisors to complete purchase orders which result in the encumbrance of funds. Assigned fund balance also includes (a) all remaining amounts (except for negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds, other than the general fund, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed and (b) amounts in the general fund that are intended to be used for a specific purpose.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES-CONTINUED

It is the Board's practice to liquidate funds when conditions have been met releasing these funds from legal, contractual, Board, or managerial obligations, using restricted funds first, followed by committed funds, assigned funds, then unassigned funds.

Encumbrances

Encumbrances are not liabilities and, therefore, are not recorded as expenditures until receipt of material or service. For budgetary purposes, appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end, and outstanding encumbrances at year-end are appropriated in the next year. Encumbrances are considered a managerial assignment of fund balance at June 30, 2022, in the governmental funds balance sheet.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Operating and Non-Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District, those revenues are primarily charges for meals provided by the various schools.

Non-operating revenues are not generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District those revenues come in the form of grants (federal and state), donated commodities, and earnings from investments.

Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of fixed assets, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction.

Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the District's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, designated fund balances, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Deferred Inflows and Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred inflows and deferred outflows are recorded on the government-wide and proprietary financial statements. The deferred outflows of resources presented were primarily created by differences in pension

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES-CONTINUED

expectations, the prior refunding of revenue bonds, and deferral of pension contributions. Deferred inflows were primarily created by actuarial determinations of net pension liability changes.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous (CERS) and Teachers Retirement system of the State of Kentucky (KTRS) and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pensions. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than OPEBs (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS) and the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous (CERS) and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investments contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

New Accounting Standard

GASB Statement No. 87, Leases, effective for fiscal year 2022, was issued to improve accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments, by establishing standards for leases that were previously classified as operating leases. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset, thus requiring lessees to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and lessors to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources.

3. CUSTODIAL CREDIT RISK - DEPOSITS

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2022, none of the District's bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk because of coverage by Federal Depository insurance and by collateral agreements and collateral held by the pledging banks' trust departments in the District's name.

Cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

	<u>Bank Balance</u>	<u>Book Balance</u>
Commercial Bank	\$ 1,923,474	\$ 1,726,276
	<u>\$ 1,923,474</u>	<u>\$ 1,726,276</u>

Breakdown per financial statements is as follows:

Governmental funds	\$ 1,684,581
Proprietary funds	<u>41,695</u>
	<u>\$ 1,726,276</u>

BARBOURVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-CONTINUED
Year ended June 30, 2022

3. CUSTODIAL CREDIT RISK – DEPOSITS - CONTINUED

Cash is commingled in various bank accounts and short-term certificates of deposit. Due to the nature of the accounts and limitations imposed by bond issue requirements, construction projects, and Federal financial assistance programs, each cash account within the following funds is considered to be restricted:

- Special Revenue Funds
- SEEK Capital Outlay Fund
- Facility Support Program (FSPK) Fund
- School Construction Fund
- School Food Service Fund
- Agency Funds

4. INVESTMENTS

Funds of the District are public funds and, therefore, their investment is limited by statute to certain obligations of the United States or similar government agencies, cash instruments, and certain pooled investment funds as provided by KRS 66.480. At June 30, 2022, the District holds only demand deposits and certificates of deposit considered to be cash equivalents. Consequently, the District does not have investment related credit risk or interest risk.

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

	June 30, 2021		June 30, 2022	
	Balance	Additions	Retirements	Balance
Governmental Activities				
Land & land improvements	\$ 884,021	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 884,021
Buildings	7,891,588	-	-	7,891,588
Technology equipment	502,677	65,500	-	568,177
Vehicles	510,946	29,999	-	540,945
General equipment	250,976	-	-	250,976
Construction in progress	3,380,629	-	-	3,380,629
Total historical cost	13,420,837	95,499	-	13,516,336
Less accumulated depreciation	5,867,165	210,662	-	6,077,827
Governmental capital assets, net	\$ 7,553,672	\$ (115,163)	\$ -	\$ 7,438,509
Business-type Activities				
Technology equipment	3,125	-	-	3,125
General equipment	78,608	-	-	78,608
Total historical cost	81,733	-	-	81,733
Less accumulated depreciation	80,201	689	-	80,890
Business-type capital assets, net	\$ 1,532	\$ (689)	\$ -	\$ 843

BARBOURVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-CONTINUED
Year ended June 30, 2022

5. CAPITAL ASSETS - CONTINUED

Depreciation expense for business-type activities was entirely incurred in the operation of the School Food Services. Depreciation for governmental activities was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction	\$	18,745
District administrative		-
Business		58
Plant operation and maintenance		151,450
Student transportation		<u>40,409</u>
	<u>\$</u>	<u>210,662</u>

6. CAPITAL LEASE PAYABLE

The District has entered into a capital lease agreement for buses which will become the property of the District when all the terms of the lease agreement are met. The following schedule presents the capital lease activity for the year ended June 30, 2022:

Description	Maturity	Interest Rates	Original Issue	Balance June 30, 2021	Debt Issued	Debt Paid	Balance June 30, 2022	Due Within One Year
KISTA 2021	3/1/31	3.50%	\$ 108,094	\$ 108,094	\$ -	\$ 11,983	\$ 96,111	\$ 11,983
KISTA 2018	3/1/28	3.50%	\$ 67,571	\$ 53,042	\$ -	\$ 6,473	\$ 46,569	\$ 6,656
KISTA 2017	3/1/27	3.50%	\$ 121,247	\$ 72,252	\$ -	\$ 11,931	\$ 60,321	\$ 12,249
			<u>\$ 296,912</u>	<u>\$ 233,388</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 30,387</u>	<u>\$ 203,001</u>	<u>\$ 30,888</u>

The following presents a schedule by years of the future minimum lease payments under capital lease as of June 30, 2022:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2022-23	\$ 30,888	\$ 4,183	\$ 35,071
2023-24	29,987	3,521	33,508
2024-25	30,613	2,864	33,477
2025-26	29,238	2,190	31,428
2026-27	29,887	1,553	31,440
2027-28	16,687	900	17,587
2028-29	17,061	593	17,654
2029-30	9,250	280	9,530
2030-31	<u>9,390</u>	<u>141</u>	<u>9,531</u>
Totals	<u>\$ 203,001</u>	<u>\$ 16,225</u>	<u>\$ 219,226</u>
		Less: amounts representing interest	<u>(16,225)</u>
		Net capital lease liability	<u>\$ 203,001</u>

7. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The amounts shown in the accompanying basic financial statements as bond obligations represent the District's future obligations to make lease payments relating to the bonds issued by the Barbourville Independent School District Finance Corporation.

The original amount of each issue, the issue date, and interest rates of bonded debt and lease obligations are summarized below:

<u>Issue Date</u>	<u>Proceeds</u>	<u>Rates</u>
2010	\$ 1,815,000	1.500% - 4.000%
2018	\$ 475,000	3.250% - 3.500%
2018A	\$ 2,995,000	2.150%-3.625%
2020	\$ 1,315,000	2.00%

The District, through the General Fund, including utility taxes and the Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund, is obligated to make payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued by the Barbourville Independent School District Finance Corporation to construct school facilities. The District has an option to purchase the property under lease at any time by retiring the bonds then outstanding.

The District entered into "participation agreements" with the Kentucky School Facility Construction Commission (Commission). The Commission was created by the Kentucky General Assembly for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs. The participation agreements generally provide for the Commission to assist the District in meeting bond obligations and are renewable, at the Commission's option, bi-annually. In 2008, the District also entered into an agreement with the Urgent Needs Trust Fund. The Urgent Needs Trust Fund was established by the 2003 Kentucky General Assembly for the purpose of assisting school districts that have urgent and critical construction needs. The Urgent Needs Trust Fund is administered by the School Facility Construction Commission. Should the Kentucky General Assembly choose to not fund the Commission in the future, the District would be responsible for meeting the full requirements of the bond issues. The following table sets forth the amount to be paid by the District and the Commission for each year until maturity of all bond issues.

The liability for the total bond amount remains with the District and, as such, the total principal outstanding has been recorded in the financial statements.

The bonds may be called prior to maturity and redemption premiums are specified in each issue. Assuming no bonds are called prior to scheduled maturity, the minimum obligations of the District, including amounts to be paid by the Commission at June 30, 2022 for debt service (principal and interest) are as follows:

See Table on Next Page

BARBOURVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-CONTINUED
Year ended June 30, 2022

7. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - CONTINUED

Year	Barbourville Independent School District		Kentucky School Facility Construction Commission		Total Principal	Total Interest
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest		
2022-23	\$ 185,045	\$ 95,249	\$ 89,955	\$ 34,016	\$ 275,000	\$ 129,265
2023-24	192,925	91,104	92,075	31,896	285,000	123,000
2024-25	190,674	86,429	94,326	29,646	285,000	116,075
2025-26	198,319	81,460	96,681	27,290	295,000	108,750
2026-27	205,980	76,299	94,020	24,954	300,000	101,253
2027-28	208,492	70,950	101,508	22,625	310,000	93,575
2028-29	210,914	65,359	104,086	20,047	315,000	85,406
2029-30	218,243	59,524	106,757	17,376	325,000	76,900
2030-31	151,701	53,175	48,299	14,631	200,000	67,806
2031-32	160,104	48,108	49,896	13,035	210,000	61,143
2032-33	163,440	42,749	51,560	11,370	215,000	54,119
2033-34	171,788	37,092	48,212	9,718	220,000	46,810
2034-35	179,999	31,155	55,001	8,092	235,000	39,247
2035-36	183,110	25,028	56,890	6,241	240,000	31,269
2036-37	191,121	18,474	58,879	4,251	250,000	22,725
2037-38	204,676	11,300	55,324	2,256	260,000	13,556
2038-39	209,384	3,795	20,616	374	230,000	4,169
	<u>\$ 3,225,915</u>	<u>\$ 897,250</u>	<u>\$ 1,224,085</u>	<u>\$ 277,818</u>	<u>\$ 4,450,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,175,068</u>

A summary of the changes in long-term liabilities during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

School Building Revenue Bonds	Balance July 1, 2021	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2022
2010	\$ 155,000	\$ -	\$ 155,000	-
2018	415,000	-	20,000	395,000
2018A	2,950,000	-	25,000	2,925,000
2020	1,220,000	-	90,000	1,130,000
Net Pension Liability	1,595,419	24,795	-	1,620,214
Net OPEB - CERS Liability	502,137	-	15,752	486,385
Net OPEB - KTRS Liability	1,237,000	-	216,000	1,021,000
KSBIT Bonded Debt	39,366	-	9,395	29,971
Accrued sick leave	11,527	-	11,527	-
	<u>\$ 8,125,449</u>	<u>\$ 24,795</u>	<u>\$ 542,674</u>	<u>\$ 7,607,570</u>

8. RETIREMENT PLANS

The District's employees are provided with two pension plans, based on each position's college degree requirement. The two pension plans are County Employees Retirement System (CERS) and the Kentucky Teachers Retirement System (KTRS).

General information about the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous (CERS)

Plan description—Employees whose positions do not require a degree beyond a high school diploma are covered by the CERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky Retirement System, an agency of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. Under the provisions of the Kentucky Revised Statute (KRS) Section 61.645, the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement System administers CERS and has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. The Kentucky Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained from <http://kyret.kv.gov/>.

Benefits provided—CERS provides retirement, health insurance, death and disability benefits to Plan employees and beneficiaries. Employees are vested in the plan after five years' service. For retirement purposes, employees are grouped into three tiers, based on hire date:

Tier 1	Participation date	Before September 1, 2008
	Unreduced retirement	27 years service or 65 years old
	Reduced retirement	At least 5 years service and 55 years old At least 25 years service and any age
Tier 2	Participation date	September 1, 2008 - December 31, 2013
	Unreduced retirement	At least 5 years service and 65 years old Or age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87
	Reduced retirement	At least 10 years service and 60 years old
Tier 3	Participation date	After December 31, 2013
	Unreduced retirement	At least 5 years service and 65 years old Or age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87
	Reduced retirement	Not available

Participating employees become eligible to receive the health insurance benefit after at least 180 months of service. Death benefits are provided for both death after retirement and death prior to retirement.

Contributions—Required contributions by the employee are based on the tier:

	<u>Required contribution</u>
Tier 1	5%
Tier 2	5% + 1% for insurance
Tier 3	5% + 1% for insurance

Funding Policy - Funding for the plan is provided through payroll withholdings and matching District contributions. The District contributes 26.95% of the employee's total compensation subject to contribution. Pension has a contribution rate of 21.17% and OPEB has a contribution rate of 5.78%.

8. RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED

General information about the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (KTRS)

Plan description—Teaching certified employees of the District and other employees whose positions require at least a college degree are provided pensions through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (KTRS)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the Commonwealth. KTRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the KRS. KTRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. KTRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <http://www.ktrs.ky.gov/>

Benefits provided—For employees who have established an account in a retirement system administered by the Commonwealth prior to July 1, 2008, employees become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, employees must either:

- 1.) Attain age fifty-five (55) and complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or
- 2.) Complete 27 years of Kentucky service.

Employees that retire before age 60 with less than 27 years of service receive reduced retirement benefits. Non-university employees with an account established prior to July 1, 2002 receive monthly payments equal to two (2) percent (service prior to July 1, 1983) and two and one-half (2.5) percent (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. New employees (including second retirement accounts) after July 1, 2002 will receive monthly benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service less than ten years. New employees after July 1, 2002 who retire with ten or more years of total service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of service, including the first ten years. In addition, employees who retire July 1, 2004 and later with more than 30 years of service will have their multiplier increased for all years over 30 from 2.5% to 3.0% to be used in their benefit calculation. Effective July 1, 2008, the System has been amended to change the benefit structure for employees hired on or after that date.

Final average salary is defined as the member's five (5) highest annual salaries for those with less than 27 years of service. Employees at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three (3) highest annual salaries to compute the final average salary. KTRS also provides disability benefits for vested employees at the rate of sixty (60) percent of the final average salary. A life insurance benefit, payable upon the death of a member, is \$2,000 for active contributing employees and \$5,000 for retired or disabled employees.

Contributions—Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). Non-university employees are required to contribute 12.855% of their salaries to the System.

The Commonwealth of Kentucky, as a non-employer contributing entity, pays matching contributions at the rate of 13.105% of salaries for local school district and regional cooperative employees hired before July 1, 2008 and 14.105% for those hired after July 1, 2008. For local school district and regional cooperative employees whose salaries are federally funded, the employer contributes 16.105% of salaries. If an employee leaves covered employment before accumulating five (5) years of credited service, accumulated employee pension contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee upon the member's request.

8. RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for CERS. The District did not report a liability for the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for KTRS because the Commonwealth of Kentucky provides the pension support directly to KTRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related Commonwealth support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the CERS net pension liability	\$	1,620,214
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the KTRS net pension liability associated with the District		<u>11,534,796</u>
	\$	<u>13,155,010</u>

The net pension liability for each plan was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The District's proportion of the net pension liability for CERS was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the System as determined by the actuary. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.025412%. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$56,108 related to CERS. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$920,747 revenue of \$920,747 for support provided by the State.

At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Differences between expected and actual		
• experience	\$ 18,605	\$ 15,725
Changes of assumptions	21,745	-
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on pension plan investments	62,854	278,801
Changes in proportion and differences		
between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	220,791	30,837
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>133,390</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 457,385</u>	<u>\$ 325,363</u>

8. RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED

The amount of \$133,390 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year Ended June 30</u>	
2022	\$ 54,936
2023	52,420
2024	(41,101)
2025	(67,623)
	<u>\$ (1,368)</u>

Actuarial assumptions—The total pension liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	<u>CERS</u>	<u>KTRS</u>
Inflation	2.30%	2.50%
Projected salary increases	3.3-15.3%	3.0-7.5%
Investment rate of return, net of investment expense & inflation	5.25%	7.10%
Municipal bond index rate		2.13%
Single equivalent interest rate		7.10%

For KTRS, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Discount rate—For CERS, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan employees and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment return of 6.25%. The long-term investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

For KTRS, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan employees until the 2040 plan year. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments through 2039 and a municipal bond index rate of 3.56% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments after 2039. The Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) that discounts the entire projected benefit stream to the same amount as the sum of the present values of the two separate benefit payments streams was used to determine the total pension liability.

8. RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED

Sensitivity of CERS and KTRS proportionate share of net pension liability to changes in the discount rate— The following table presents the net pension liability of the District, calculated using the discount rates selected by each pension system, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% increase
CERS	5.25%	6.25%	7.25%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 2,078,002	\$ 1,620,214	\$ 1,241,406
KTRS	6.10%	7.10%	8.10%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

*Pension plan fiduciary net position—*Detailed information about the CERS and the KTRS pension plans' fiduciary net position, projected benefits, and projected funding status is available in the separately issued financial reports at <http://kyret.ky.gov/> and <https://gov.state.ky.us>, respectively.

The District also offers employees the option to participate in a defined contribution plan under Section 403(B), 401(K) and 457 of the Internal Revenue Code. All employees are eligible to participate and may contribute up to the maximum amount allowable by law. The District does not contribute to these plans.

The District's total payroll for the year for employees covered under pension plans was \$3,726,259. The payroll for employees covered under KTRS was \$3,090,349 and for CERS was \$635,910.

The contribution requirement for CERS (match) for the year ended June 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020 was \$172,954, \$172,954, and \$176,846, respectively. The contribution requirement for KTRS (both withholding and match) for the year ended June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020 was \$535,658, \$512,995 and \$522,996, respectively. Per KTRS, all contributions made by the District are for health insurance and should not be considered contributions towards retirement. The District met their contribution requirements.

9. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN

General Information about the Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS)

Plan description—Teaching-certified employees of the Kentucky School District are provided OPEBs through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS) – a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the state. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <https://trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information>.

The state reports a liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense as a result of its statutory requirement to contribute to the TRS Medical Insurance and Life Insurance Plans. The following information is about the TRS plans:

9. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN - CONTINUED

Medical Insurance Plan

Plan description—In addition to the pension benefits described above, KRS 161.675 requires KTRS to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible employees and dependents. The KTRS Medical Insurance Fund is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the KTRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The KTRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to employees under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. Once retired employees and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the KTRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Funding policy—In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, seven and one-half percent (7.50%) of the gross annual payroll of employees before July 1, 2008 is contributed. Three and three quarters percent (3.75%) is paid by member contributions and three quarters percent (.75%) from Commonwealth appropriation and three percent (3.0%) from the employer.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$1,021,000 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for state OPEB support provided to the District. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was based on projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021 the District's proportion was .047578%.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the KTRS net OPEB liability	\$	1,021,000
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the KTRS net OPEB liability associated with the District		<u>829,000</u>
	\$	<u>1,850,000</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$70,273 and revenue of \$70,273 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

See table on next page

BARBOURVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-CONTINUED
Year ended June 30, 2022

9. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN-CONTINUED

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 607,000
Changes of assumptions	267,000	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	109,000
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	119,000	100,000
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>140,977</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 526,977</u>	<u>\$ 816,000</u>

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2022	\$ (100,000)
2023	\$ (101,000)
2024	\$ (97,000)
2025	\$ (95,000)
Thereafter	<u>\$ (37,000)</u>
	<u>\$ (430,000)</u>

Actuarial assumptions – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return	8.00%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation
Projected salary increases	3.50-7.20%, including inflation
Inflation rate	3.00%
Real Wage Growth	0.50%
Wage Inflation	3.50%
Healthcare cost trend rates	
Under 65	7.50% for FY 2019 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5% by FY 2023
Ages 65 and Older	5.50% for FY 2019 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5% by FY 2021
Medicare Part B	2.67% for FY 2019 with an ultimate rate of 5% by 2029
Municipal Bond Index Rate	2.19%
Discount Rate	5.68%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	8.00%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

9. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN-CONTINUED

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distributions analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Discount rate – The Discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 7.10%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10%) than the current rate:

	<u>1% Decrease</u>	<u>Current Discount Rate</u>	<u>1% Increase</u>
KTRS	6.10%	7.10%	8.10%
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 1,307,000	\$ 1,021,000	\$ 784,000

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	<u>1% Decrease</u>	<u>Current Trend Rate</u>	<u>1% Increase</u>
KTRS	6.10%	7.10%	8.10%
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 742,000	\$ 1,021,000	\$ 1,368,000

OPEB plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

Life Insurance Plan

Plan description – Life Insurance Plan – TRS administers the life insurance plan as provided by Kentucky Revised Statute 161.655 to eligible active and retired members. The TRS Life Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the life insurance plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees and the General Assembly.

Benefits provided – TRS provides a life insurance benefit of five thousand dollars payable for members who retire based on service or disability. TRS provides a life insurance benefit of two thousand dollars payable for its active contributing members. The life insurance benefit is payable upon the death of the member to the member's estate or to a party designated by the member.

BARBOURVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-CONTINUED
Year ended June 30, 2022

9. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN-CONTINUED

Contributions – In order to fund the post-retirement life insurance benefit, three hundredths of one percent (.03%) of the gross annual payroll of members are contributed by the state.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2022, the District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for life insurance benefits because the State of Kentucky provides the OPEB support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the KTRS net OPEB Life Insurance Plan liability	\$	-
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the KTRS net OPEB Life Insurance liability associated with the District		11,000
		<u>11,000</u>
	\$	<u>11,000</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$957 and revenue of \$957 for support provided by the State.

Actuarial assumptions – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return	7.50%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation
Projected salary increases	3.50-7.20%, including inflation
Inflation rate	3.00%
Real Wage Growth	0.50%
Wage Inflation	3.50%
Municipal Bond Index Rate	2.19%
Discount Rate	5.68%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	7.50%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2021 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

9. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN-CONTINUED

Discount rate – The Discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability for life insurance was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

	<u>1% Decrease</u>	<u>Current Discount Rate</u>	<u>1% Increase</u>
KTRS	6.50%	7.50%	8.50%
State's proportionate share of net OPEB liability - Life Insurance \$	14,125	\$ 11,000	\$ 8,750

OPEB plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

General information about the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous (CERS)

Plan description—Employees whose positions do not require a degree beyond a high school diploma are provided OPEBs through the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous (CERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky Retirement System, an agency of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. Under the provisions of the Kentucky Revised Statute (KRS) Section 61.645, the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement System administers CERS and has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. The Kentucky Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained from <http://kyret.ky.gov/>.

Benefits provided—CERS provides hospital and medical insurance for eligible members receiving benefits from the pension plan. Employees are vested in the plan after five years' service. For plan purposes, employees are grouped into two groups, based on hire date. Members who reach a minimum vesting period of 10 years, and began participating on, or after, July 1, 2003, earn \$10 per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. For members participating prior to July 1, 2003, are paid up to a maximum of \$13.18 per month for every year of earned service. The percentage of the maximum monthly benefit paid is based on years of service as follows:

Years of Service	Paid by Insurance Fund (%)
20+ years	100.00%
15-19 years	75.00%
10-14 years	50.00%
4-9 years	25.00%
Less than 4 years	0.00%

BARBOURVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-CONTINUED
 Year ended June 30, 2022

9. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN-CONTINUED

Contributions—Required contributions by the employee are based on the tier:

Tier 1	Participation date	Before September 1, 2008
	Contribution percentage	0.00%
Tier 2	Participation date	September 1, 2008 - December 31, 2013
	Contribution percentage	1%
Tier 3	Participation date	After December 31, 2013
	Contribution percentage	1%

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$486,385 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for state OPEB support provided to the District. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was based on projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021 the District's proportion was .025406%.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the CERS net OPEB liability	\$	486,385
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the CERS net OPEB liability associated with the District		-
	\$	486,385

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$10,157. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

9. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN-CONTINUED

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 76,484	\$ 145,218
Changes of assumptions	128,950	452
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	24,506	100,594
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	68,759	44,638
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>36,420</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 335,119</u>	<u>\$ 290,902</u>

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$36,420 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2022	\$ 13,382
2023	\$ 1,829
2024	\$ 6,252
2025	\$ (13,666)
Thereafter	<u>\$ -</u>
	<u>\$ 7,797</u>

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distributions analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Discount rate – The Discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 5.20%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

9. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN-CONTINUED

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 5.20%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.20%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.20%) than the current rate:

	<u>1% Decrease</u>	<u>Current Discount Rate</u>	<u>1% Increase</u>
CERS	4.20%	5.20%	6.20%
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 667,803	\$ 486,385	\$ 337,502

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	<u>1% Decrease</u>	<u>Current Trend Rate</u>	<u>1% Increase</u>
CERS			
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 350,140	\$ 486,385	\$ 650,836

OPEB plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued KRS financial report.

10. DEFERRED COMPENSATION

The District offers its employees participation in a deferred compensation program administered by the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority. This program offers a plan authorized by Section 457(b) of the Internal Revenue Code and a plan authorized by Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code. Both plans are available to all employees and permit them to defer up to 25% of their compensation (subject to limits) until future years. The District makes no contributions to these plans.

11. OPERATING LEASES

The District has no operating leases requiring disclosure as right-of-use assets as defined by FASB Accounting Standards Codification Topic 842, Leases.

12. CONTINGENCIES

Grants - The District receives funding from Federal, State, and Local government agencies and private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if based on the grantor's review the funds are considered not to have been used for the intended purpose, the grantor may request a refund of funds advanced, or refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements, and the collectability of any related receivables as of June 30, 2022 may be impaired. The amount of such future refunds and unreimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantors' satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors' intent to continue their programs.

13. LITIGATION

The District is subject to legal actions in various states of litigation, the outcome of which is not determinable at this time. Management of the District and its legal counsel do not anticipate that there will be any material effect on the financial statements as a result of the cases presently in progress.

14. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various forms of loss of assets associated with the risks of fire, personal liability, theft, vehicular accidents, errors and omissions, fiduciary responsibility, etc. Each of these risk areas is covered through the purchase of commercial insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have created a potential liability as discussed in the *Contingencies* disclosure above.

Contributions for Workers' Compensation coverage are based on premium rates established in conjunction with the insurance carrier, subject to claims experience modifications and discounts.

15. DEFICIT FUND BALANCES

The District had a deficit net position of \$312,659 in the Food Service Fund due to the recognition of a net pension and net OPEB liabilities. No other funds had deficit fund balances, but other funds may have deficit operating balances.

16. COBRA

Under COBRA, employers are mandated to notify terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage. Failure to comply with this requirement may put the school district at risk for a substantial loss. There were no instances of noncompliance noted.

17. TRANSFER OF FUNDS

The following transfers were made during the year:

Type	From Fund	To Fund	Purpose	Amount
Matching	General	Special Revenue	KETS	\$ 12,480
Operating	Special Revenue	General	Indirect Cost	\$ 131,235
Operating	Capital Outlay	Debt Service	Debt	\$ 59,428
Operating	Building	Debt Service	Debt	\$ 244,292
Operating	Building	General	CFR request	\$ 187,157

18. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

At June 30, 2022, there was an interfund receivable from the special revenue fund to general in the amount of \$385,287 and a corresponding interfund payable in the special revenue fund.

19. ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

The Commonwealth of Kentucky pays certain expenses on behalf of the District. These expenses include employee health insurance, the employer match of Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System, certain other employee benefits, specific technology expense and debt service. These amounts are included in the fund financial statements; however,

BARBOURVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-CONTINUED
Year ended June 30, 2022

19. ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS - CONTINUED

The following payments for fringe benefits are included as revenues and expenses on the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position:

Retirement contributions to the Teachers'		
Retirement System of Kentucky	\$	920,747
OPEB contributions to the Teachers'		
Retirement System of Kentucky		70,273
Health and Life insurance		624,229
Other Less Federal		(60,072)
Technology		64,357
Debt Service		123,972
		<u>1,743,506</u>
	\$	<u>1,743,506</u>

20. FUND BALANCE DESIGNATIONS

The following funds had restricted fund balances as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Purpose</u>
General	\$ 20,203	Sick Leave
District Activity	\$ 32,187	School-level Activities
Student Activity	\$ 110,196	School-level Activities
Building	\$ 537,192	Bond Redemption
Construction	\$ 56,298	Future Construction

21. COVID-19 PANDEMIC

COVID-19 continues to spread across the globe and is impacting worldwide economic activity and financial markets. The continued spread of the disease represents a significant risk that operations could continue to be disrupted in the near future. The District currently has measures in place to move to nontraditional instruction, if needed. The extent to which COVID-19 may impact the District will depend on future developments and governmental regulations, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted. As a result, the District has not yet determined the impact this disruption may have on its financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2022.

During the fiscal year, the District expended \$987,968 in federal awards under the COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund.

22. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management of the District has evaluated subsequent events through November 10, 2022, which was the date the report was available for release. No events have occurred subsequent to the date of the financial statements that would require adjustment to the financial statements. In March 2021, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of a novel coronavirus (COVID-19) as a pandemic. This pandemic is still ongoing as of the date of the audit report.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BARBOURVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -
BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND**

Year ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
	Original	Final		
Revenues				
From local sources				
Taxes:				
Property	\$ 530,305	\$ 530,305	\$ 541,906	\$ 11,601
Motor vehicle	51,300	51,300	74,060	22,760
Utility	223,500	223,500	249,866	26,366
Earnings on investments	200	200	3,671	3,471
Other local	63,348	63,348	100,424	37,076
Intergovernmental - State	3,988,981	3,988,981	4,472,428	483,447
Total revenues	<u>4,857,634</u>	<u>4,857,634</u>	<u>5,442,355</u>	<u>584,721</u>
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction	3,016,273	3,016,273	3,145,900	(129,627)
Student	143,412	143,412	147,690	(4,278)
Instructional support	141,034	141,034	149,732	(8,698)
District administration	803,811	803,811	406,764	397,047
School administration	303,053	303,053	337,015	(33,962)
Business support	420,291	420,291	407,500	12,791
Plant operations and maintenance	754,126	754,126	775,721	(21,595)
Student transportation	144,387	144,387	114,104	30,283
Food Service Operation	3,698	3,698	-	3,698
Community Services	-	-	-	-
Debt Service	45,557	45,557	45,556	1
Architectural/Engineering	15,000	15,000	3,857	11,143
Total expenditures	<u>5,790,642</u>	<u>5,790,642</u>	<u>5,533,839</u>	<u>256,803</u>
Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(933,008)	(933,008)	(91,484)	841,524
Other financing sources (uses)				
Proceeds from sale of equipment	275	275	-	(275)
Capital lease proceeds	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	9,300	9,300	318,392	309,092
Transfers out	(14,067)	(14,067)	(12,480)	1,587
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>(4,492)</u>	<u>(4,492)</u>	<u>305,912</u>	<u>310,404</u>
Net change in fund balance	(937,500)	(937,500)	214,428	1,151,928
Fund balance as of June 30, 2021	<u>937,500</u>	<u>937,500</u>	<u>1,102,342</u>	<u>164,842</u>
Fund balance as of June 30, 2022	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,316,770</u>	<u>\$ 1,316,770</u>

BARBOURVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -
BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND**

Year ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
	Original	Final		
Revenues				
From local sources:				
Other local	\$ 52,398	\$ 52,398	\$ -	\$ (52,398)
Intergovernmental - State	332,842	332,842	372,760	39,918
Intergovernmental - Federal	626,577	\$ 626,577	1,608,049	981,472
Total revenues	<u>1,011,817</u>	<u>1,011,817</u>	<u>1,980,809</u>	<u>968,992</u>
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction	705,743	705,743	1,413,057	(707,314)
Student support services	80,055	80,055	72,096	7,959
Instructional support	153,161	153,161	145,214	7,947
Plant operation and maintenance	1,462	1,462	155,735	(154,273)
Community service	75,934	75,934	75,952	(18)
Total expenditures	<u>1,016,355</u>	<u>1,016,355</u>	<u>1,862,054</u>	<u>(845,699)</u>
Deficit of revenues under expenditures	<u>(4,538)</u>	<u>(4,538)</u>	<u>118,755</u>	<u>123,293</u>
Other financing sources				
Operating transfers in	14,067	14,067	12,480	(1,587)
Operating transfers out	<u>(9,529)</u>	<u>(9,529)</u>	<u>(131,235)</u>	<u>(121,706)</u>
Total other financing sources	<u>4,538</u>	<u>4,538</u>	<u>(118,755)</u>	<u>(123,293)</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balance as of June 30, 2021	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balance as of June 30, 2022	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

BARBOURVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND AND SPECIAL REVENUE FUND Year ended June 30, 2022

The District's budgetary process accounts for transactions on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In accordance with state law, the District prepares a general school budget based upon the amount of revenue to be raised by local taxation, including the rate of levy, and from estimates of other Local, State, and Federal revenues. The budget contains estimated expenditures for current expenses, debt service, capital outlay, and other necessary expenses. The budget must be approved by the Board. The District must formally and publicly examine estimated revenues and expenses for the subsequent fiscal year by January 31 of each calendar year. Additionally, the District must submit a certified budget to the Kentucky Department of Education by March 15 of each calendar year, which includes the amount for certified and classified staff, based on the District's staffing policy, and the amount for the instructional supplies, materials, travel and equipment. Additionally, the District must adopt a tentative working budget for the subsequent fiscal year by May 30 of each calendar year. The budget must contain a 2% reserve but not greater than 10%. Finally, the District must adopt a final working budget and submit it to the Kentucky Department of Education by September 30 of each calendar year. The Board has the ability to amend the working budget.

BARBOURVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE
NET PENSION LIABILITY

County Employees Retirement System
June 30, 2022

	District's proportion of net pension liability (asset)	District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	District's covered-employee payroll	District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2022	0.03%	\$ 1,620,214	\$ 635,910	254.79%	57.33%
2021	0.02%	\$ 1,595,419	\$ 594,162	268.52%	47.81%
2020	0.02%	\$ 1,533,063	\$ 598,986	255.94%	50.45%
2019	0.02%	\$ 1,421,660	\$ 550,664	258.17%	53.54%
2018	0.03%	\$ 1,531,752	\$ 578,564	264.75%	53.30%
2017	0.02%	\$ 1,199,273	\$ 637,144	188.23%	55.50%
2016	0.03%	\$ 1,356,295	\$ 580,990	233.45%	59.97%
2015	0.03%	\$ 1,084,000	\$ 766,840	141.36%	66.80%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. More information will be added as it becomes available.

BARBOURVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS

County Employees Retirement System

Year ended June 30, 2022

	Contractually required contribution	Contributions in relation to contractually required contribution	Contribution deficiency (excess)	District's covered-employee payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll
2022	\$ 134,622	\$ 134,622	\$ -	\$ 635,910	21.17%
2021	\$ 112,830	\$ 112,830	\$ -	\$ 594,162	19.30%
2020	\$ 115,604	\$ 115,604	\$ -	\$ 598,986	19.30%
2019	\$ 89,318	\$ 89,318	\$ -	\$ 550,664	16.22%
2018	\$ 83,776	\$ 83,776	\$ -	\$ 578,564	14.48%
2017	\$ 119,018	\$ 119,018	\$ -	\$ 637,144	18.68%
2016	\$ 98,761	\$ 98,761	\$ -	\$ 580,990	17.00%
2015	\$ 130,276	\$ 130,276	\$ -	\$ 766,840	16.99%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. More information will be added as it becomes available.

BARBOURVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

**NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM - PENSION FUND
Year ended June 30, 2022**

Changes of Benefit Terms

None.

Changes of Assumptions

None.

BARBOURVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE
NET OPEB LIABILITY - MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN
County Employees Retirement System
June 30, 2022

	District's proportion of net OPEB liability (asset)	District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	District's covered-employee payroll	District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability
2022	0.03%	\$ 486,385	\$ 635,910	76.49%	62.91%
2021	0.02%	\$ 502,136	\$ 594,162	84.51%	51.67%
2020	0.02%	\$ 366,532	\$ 598,986	61.19%	60.44%
2019	0.02%	\$ 414,450	\$ 550,664	75.26%	57.62%
2018	0.03%	\$ 526,086	\$ 578,564	90.93%	52.39%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. More information will be added as it becomes available.

BARBOURVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN
 County Employees Retirement System
 Year ended June 30, 2022

	<u>Contractually required contribution</u>	<u>Contributions in relation to contractually required contribution</u>	<u>Contribution deficiency (excess)</u>	<u>District's covered-employee payroll</u>	<u>Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll</u>
2022	\$ 36,756	\$ 36,756	\$ -	\$ 635,910	5.78%
2021	\$ 27,827	\$ 27,827	\$ -	\$ 594,162	4.76%
2020	\$ 28,512	\$ 28,512	\$ -	\$ 598,986	4.76%
2019	\$ 28,965	\$ 28,965	\$ -	\$ 550,664	5.26%
2018	\$ 27,193	\$ 27,193	\$ -	\$ 578,564	4.70%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. More information will be added as it becomes available.

BARBOURVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

**NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM - MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN
Year ended June 30, 2022**

Changes of Benefit Terms

None.

Changes of Assumptions

None.

BARBOURVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF THE STATE'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE
NET PENSION LIABILITY

Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System

June 30, 2022

	<u>State's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)</u>	<u>State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)</u>	<u>Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability</u>
2022	100%	\$ 11,534,796	65.59%
2021	100%	\$ 12,866,973	58.27%
2020	100%	\$ 13,062,367	58.80%
2019	100%	\$ 11,510,411	59.30%
2018	100%	\$ 23,101,007	39.83%
2017	100%	\$ 24,115,453	35.22%
2016	100%	\$ 20,149,987	42.49%
2015	100%	\$ 18,488,806	45.59%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. More information will be added as it becomes available.

BARBOURVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF STATE CONTRIBUTIONS
 Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System
 Year ended June 30, 2022

	<u>Statutorily required contribution</u>	<u>Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution</u>	<u>Contribution deficiency (excess)</u>
2022	\$ 920,747	\$ 920,747	\$ -
2021	\$ 931,339	\$ 931,339	\$ -
2020	\$ 983,011	\$ 983,011	\$ -
2019	\$ 834,019	\$ 834,019	\$ -
2018	\$ 820,762	\$ 820,762	\$ -
2017	\$ 396,797	\$ 396,797	\$ -
2016	\$ 416,730	\$ 416,730	\$ -
2015	\$ 435,694	\$ 435,694	\$ -

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. More information will be added as it becomes available.

BARBOURVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

**NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
KENTUCKY TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM
Year ended June 30, 2022**

Changes of Benefit Terms

None.

Changes of Assumptions

Inflation, changed from 3.00% to 2.50%.

Real Wage Growth decreased from 0.50% to 0.25%.

Wage Inflation decreased from 3.50% to 2.75%.

Salary Increases, including wage inflation, changed from 3.50-7.20% to 3.00-7.50%.

Long-Term Investment Rate of Return, net of pension expense, including inflation, changed from 7.50% to 7.10%.

Municipal Bond Index Rate changed from 2.19% to 2.13%.

BARBOURVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE
NET OPEB LIABILITY - MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN
Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System
June 30, 2022

	District's proportion of net OPEB liability (asset)	District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	District's covered-employee payroll	District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability
2022	0.05%	\$ 1,021,000	\$ 829,000	\$ 3,090,349	33.04%	51.74%
2021	0.05%	\$ 1,237,000	\$ 991,000	\$ 3,123,496	39.60%	39.05%
2020	0.05%	\$ 1,506,000	\$ 1,216,000	\$ 3,078,371	48.92%	32.58%
2019	0.05%	\$ 1,588,000	\$ 1,369,000	\$ 3,139,586	50.58%	25.50%
2018	0.05%	\$ 1,625,000	\$ 1,328,000	\$ 2,913,540	55.77%	21.18%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. More information will be added as it becomes available.

BARBOURVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN
 Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System
 Year ended June 30, 2022

	<u>Contractually required contribution</u>	<u>Contributions in relation to contractually required contribution</u>	<u>Contribution deficiency (excess)</u>	<u>District's covered-employee payroll</u>	<u>Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll</u>
2022	\$92,710	\$92,710	\$ -	\$ 3,090,349	3.00%
2021	\$93,743	\$93,743	\$ -	\$ 3,123,496	3.00%
2020	\$92,351	\$92,351	\$ -	\$ 3,078,371	3.00%
2019	\$94,188	\$94,188	\$ -	\$ 3,139,586	3.00%
2018	\$87,406	\$87,406	\$ -	\$ 2,913,540	3.00%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. More information will be added as it becomes available.

BARBOURVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System - Medical Insurance Plan
Year ended June 30, 2022

Changes of Benefit Terms

None.

Changes of Assumptions

Inflation, changed from 3.00% to 2.50%.

Real Wage Growth decreased from 0.50% to 0.25%.

Wage Inflation decreased from 3.50% to 2.75%.

Salary Increases, including wage inflation, changed from 3.50-7.20% to 3.00-7.50%.

Long-Term Investment Rate of Return, net of pension expense, including inflation, changed from 7.50% to 7.10%.

Municipal Bond Index Rate changed from 2.19% to 2.13%.

BARBOURVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF STATE'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE
NET OPEB LIABILITY - LIFE INSURANCE PLAN

Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System

June 30, 2022

	State's proportion of net OPEB liability (asset)	State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability
2022	100%	\$ 11,000	89.15%
2021	100%	\$ 30,000	71.57%
2020	100%	\$ 28,000	73.40%
2019	100%	\$ 23,000	75.00%
2018	100%	\$ 18,000	79.99%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. More information will be added as it becomes available.

BARBOURVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF STATE CONTRIBUTIONS - LIFE INSURANCE PLAN

Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System

Year Ended 'June 30, 2022

	Statutorily required contribution	Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	Contribution deficiency (excess)
2022	\$ 957	\$ 957	\$ -
2021	\$ 1,442	\$ 1,442	\$ -
2020	\$ 1,194	\$ 1,194	\$ -
2019	\$ 815	\$ 815	\$ -
2018	\$ 781	\$ 781	\$ -

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. More information will be added as it becomes available.

BARBOURVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

**NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
KENTUCKY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM - LIFE INSURANCE PLAN
Year ended June 30, 2022**

Changes of Benefit Terms

None.

Changes of Assumptions

Inflation, changed from 3.00% to 2.50%.

Real Wage Growth decreased from 0.50% to 0.25%.

Wage Inflation decreased from 3.50% to 2.75%.

Salary Increases, including wage inflation, changed from 3.50-7.20% to 3.00-7.50%.

Long-Term Investment Rate of Return, net of pension expense, including inflation, changed from 7.50% to 7.10%.

Municipal Bond Index Rate changed from 2.19% to 2.13%.

BARBOURVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2022

	District Activity Fund	Student Activity Fund	SEEK Capital Outlay Fund	Construction Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total Non-major Governmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 32,187	\$ 136,008	\$ -	\$ 56,298	\$ -	\$ 224,493
Accounts receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total assets	<u>\$ 32,187</u>	<u>\$ 136,008</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 56,298</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 224,493</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	\$ -	\$ 25,812	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 25,812
Fund Balances:						
Restricted	<u>32,187</u>	<u>110,196</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>56,298</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>198,681</u>
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 32,187</u>	<u>\$ 136,008</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 56,298</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 224,493</u>

BARBOURVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
 IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
 Year ended June 30, 2022

	District Activity Fund	Student Activity Fund	SEEK Capital Outlay Fund	Construction Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total Non-major Governmental Funds
Revenues						
From local sources:						
Student activity revenue	\$ 35,798	\$ 310,821	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 346,619
Other	-	-	-	6,823	-	6,823
Intergovernmental - State	-	-	59,428	-	123,972	183,400
Total revenues	35,798	310,821	59,428	6,823	123,972	536,842
Expenditures						
Plant operations and maintenance	-	-	-	-	-	-
Building improvements	-	-	-	-	-	-
Student activities	16,406	270,536	-	-	-	286,942
Debt service	-	-	-	-	427,692	427,692
Total expenditures	16,406	270,536	-	-	427,692	714,634
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	303,720	303,720
Transfers out	-	-	(59,428)	-	-	(59,428)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	-	(59,428)	-	303,720	244,292
Net change in fund balance	19,392	40,285	-	6,823	-	66,500
Fund balance as of June 30, 2021	12,795	69,911	-	49,475	-	132,181
Fund balance as of June 30, 2022	\$ 32,187	\$ 110,196	\$ -	\$ 56,298	\$ -	\$ 198,681

BARBOURVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - ELEMENTARY AND MIDDLE SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS
Year Ended June 30, 2022

<u>School/ Activity Fund</u>	<u>Cash and Equivalents June 30, 2021</u>	<u>Receipts</u>	<u>Disbursements</u>	<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents June 30, 2022</u>	<u>Accounts Receivable June 30, 2022</u>	<u>Accounts Payable June 30, 2022</u>	<u>Balances June 30, 2022</u>
Barbourville Elementary School	\$ 26,963	\$ 75,758	\$ 38,723	\$ 63,997	\$ -	\$ 14,866	\$ 49,131
Totals	\$ 26,963	\$ 75,758	\$ 38,723	\$ 63,997	\$ -	\$ 14,866	\$ 49,131

BARBOURVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -
BARBOURVILLE HIGH SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUND
Year ended June 30, 2022

	Balances June 30, 2021	Receipts	Disbursements	Transfers in (out)	Cash and Cash Equivalents June 30, 2022	Accounts Receivable June 30, 2022	Accounts Payable June 30, 2022	Balances June 30, 2022
Bookstore	\$ 846	\$ 2,723	\$ 2,568	\$ (270)	\$ 731	\$ -	\$ (630)	\$ 101
Dual Credit	535	-	432	-	103	-	-	103
Staff Account	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PBIS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Special Fundraise Acct	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Start Up	-	300	300	-	-	-	-	-
Misc. Event Account	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
General Misc. Acct	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Concessions	868	26,805	16,873	(10,331)	469	-	-	469
Attend Concessions	-	11,734	7,868	(1,200)	2,666	-	-	2,666
Special In/Out Fundraiser	560	650	1,210	-	-	-	-	-
FCCLA	65	-	-	-	65	-	-	65
Beta	3,422	3,140	4,465	-	2,097	-	-	2,097
First Priority	29	-	-	-	29	-	-	29
KYA	-	3,323	3,324	1	-	-	-	-
FBLA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Odyssey of the Mind	-	-	660	660	-	-	-	-
HS KUNA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Student Council	1,097	750	203	-	1,644	-	-	1,644
Service Club	50	-	-	-	50	-	-	50
MS Academic team	-	-	129	129	-	-	-	-
FPS	52	-	-	-	52	-	-	52
Academic Team	27	-	250	660	437	-	-	437
STLP	293	-	-	-	293	-	-	293
Olympiad	1	1,806	1,770	660	697	-	-	697
CLASS OF 2021	2,271	-	-	(2,271)	-	-	-	-
CLASS OF 2020	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Spanish	50	-	42	-	8	-	-	8
Music	5,861	3,004	2,738	-	6,127	-	-	6,127
PE	143	-	-	-	143	-	-	143
ART	68	-	-	-	68	-	-	68
HS Science	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Class of 2022	5,128	5,285	6,943	-	3,470	-	(1,590)	1,880
JAG	200	1,403	793	-	810	-	-	810
Class of 2024	-	10,685	4,127	-	6,558	-	-	6,558
Class of 2023	-	5,006	4,084	660	1,582	-	-	1,582
Spanish Club	-	150	-	-	150	-	-	150
Pep Club	-	1,696	610	-	1,086	-	-	1,086

BARBOURVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -
BARBOURVILLE HIGH SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUND
Year ended June 30, 2022

	Balances June 30, 2021	Receipts	Disbursements	Transfers in (out)	Cash and Cash Equivalents June 30, 2022	Accounts Receivable June 30, 2022	Accounts Payable June 30, 2022	Balances June 30, 2022
Class of 2025	-	4,075	2,432	-	1,643	-	-	1,643
Boys Varsity Basketball	935	15,236	8,977	(1,839)	5,355	-	(2,800)	2,555
Girls Varsity Basketball	75	8,770	12,016	4,864	1,693	-	-	1,693
Dance Team	1,745	13,192	12,783	-	2,154	-	(400)	1,754
Varsity Cheerleaders	2,655	20,914	17,257	-	6,312	-	(2,154)	4,158
Varsity Boys Baseball	750	5,730	4,115	(741)	1,624	-	-	1,624
Varsity Softball	3,814	8,365	6,180	(281)	5,718	-	-	5,718
Boys Golf	-	270	270	-	-	-	-	-
Girls Golf	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	1
Boys Tennis	293	-	-	(293)	-	-	-	-
Girls Tennis	151	-	-	(151)	-	-	-	-
Swim	28	-	-	-	28	-	-	28
Girls Volleyball	1,604	9,962	9,019	545	3,092	-	-	3,092
Archery	427	11,032	9,111	-	2,348	-	-	2,348
Cross Country	304	57	336	1,430	1,455	-	(1,408)	47
Soccer	279	11,307	9,355	1,576	3,807	-	-	3,807
Athletic Trainer	43	-	-	-	43	-	-	43
Bass Fishing Team	624	3,635	3,434	-	825	-	-	825
Tennis	-	1,455	2,321	1,534	668	-	-	668
Wrestling	-	4,531	3,611	160	1,080	-	-	1,080
Athletic Daf	378	3,836	4,215	-	(1)	-	-	(1)
Arbiter Sports	-	8,503	14,000	5,498	1	-	-	1
General Athletics	5,995	18,418	21,059	(1,000)	2,354	-	(1,964)	390
Library	737	5,916	6,122	-	531	-	-	531
Yearbook	20	1,400	-	-	1,420	-	-	1,420
Charitable Gaming	525	-	-	-	525	-	-	525
Total accounts	\$ 42,949	\$ 235,064	\$ 206,002	\$ -	\$ 72,011	\$ -	\$ (10,946)	\$ 61,065

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

BARBOURVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Year ended June 30, 2022

Federal Grantor Pass-Through Grantor Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Expenditures
US Department of Agriculture			
Passed Through State Department of Education:			
<i>Child Nutrition Cluster</i>			
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559		
Fiscal Year 22		51-4500	\$ 44,070
National School Lunch Program	10.555		
Fiscal Year 22		51-4500	332,512
School Breakfast Program	10.553		
Fiscal Year 22		51-4500	124,412
Passed Through State Department of Agriculture:			
National School Lunch Program	10.555		
Fiscal Year 22		51-4950	33,680
<i>Child Nutrition Cluster Total</i>			<u>534,674</u>
Fresh Fruits and Vegetable Program	10.582		
Fiscal Year 22		51-4500	50,374
State Administrative Expenses for Child Nutrition	10.560		
Fiscal Year 22		51-4500	2,906
Total US Department of Agriculture			<u>\$ 587,954</u>
US Department of Education			
Passed Through State Department of Education:			
<i>Title I Cluster</i>			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010		
Fiscal Year 22		3100002-22	\$ 235,088
<i>Total Title I</i>			<u>235,088</u>
<i>Special Education Cluster</i>			
Special Education Grants to States	84.027		
Fiscal Year 22		3810002-22	145,394
Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173		
Fiscal Year 22		3800002-22	10,889
<i>Special Education Cluster Total</i>			<u>156,283</u>
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048		
Fiscal Year 22		4621132-22	5,612
			<u>5,612</u>
Rural Education	84.358		
Fiscal Year 22		3140002-22	7,172
			<u>7,172</u>
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	84.367		
Fiscal Year 22		3230002-22	24,993
			<u>24,993</u>
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grant	84.424		
Fiscal Year 22		3240002-22	9,146
			<u>9,146</u>

BARBOURVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - CONTINUED

Year ended June 30, 2022

Federal Grantor Pass-Through Grantor Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Expenditures
Education Stabilization Fund Under the Coronavirus Aid Relief, and Economic Security Act	84.425		
COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	220-554X	376,344
COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	220-613X	1,167
COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425U	220-473G	610,457
COVID-19 Governor's Emergency Education Relief Fund	84.425C	220-633X	-
			<u>987,968</u>
Fund for the Improvement of Education	84.215		
Fiscal Year 22		220-518X	53,945
			<u>53,945</u>
Passed through Berea College			
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs	84.334		
Fiscal Year 22		33-540-379X	127,842
			<u>127,842</u>
Total US Department of Education			<u>\$ 1,608,049</u>
Total Expenditure of Federal Awards			<u>\$ 2,196,003</u>

BARBOURVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
Year ended June 30, 2022

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the Barbourville Independent School District and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

2. IN-KIND COMMODITIES

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair value of the commodities disbursed. The District no longer maintains a separate commodities inventory due to changes in program regulations. Commodities are included under the Child Nutrition Cluster. The valued amount of commodities received for June 30, 2022 is \$33,680

3. CLUSTER PROGRAMS

The following CFDA numbers are considered cluster programs:

Special Education Cluster	
Special Education Grants to States	84.027
Special Education – Preschool Grants	84.173
Child Nutrition Cluster	
National School Lunch Program	10.555
National School Breakfast Program	10.553
Special Milk Program for Children	10.556
Summer Food Services for Children	10.559

4. INDIRECT COST RATES

The District has elected not to use the 10% de minimus indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.



Cloyd & Associates, PSC

Certified Public Accountants
and
Business Advisors

**REPORT ON INTERNAL
CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING
AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS
BASED ON AN AUDIT OF BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

Independent Auditor's Report

Kentucky State Committee for
School District Audits
Members of the Board of Education
Barbourville Independent School District
Barbourville, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the *Appendix I to the Independent Auditor's Contract-General Audit Requirements* and *Appendix II to the Independent Auditor's Contract-State Audit Requirements*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Barbourville Independent School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Barbourville Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 10, 2022.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Management of Barbourville Independent School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Barbourville Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Barbourville Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Barbourville Independent School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.





Cloyd & Associates, PSC

*Certified Public Accountants
and
Business Advisors*

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Barbourville Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. In addition, the results of our test disclosed no instances of material noncompliance of specific state statutes or regulations identified in *Appendix II of the Independent Auditor's Contract-State Audit Requirements*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cloyd & Associates, PSC

Cloyd & Associates, PSC
London, Kentucky
November 10, 2022



Cloud & Associates, PSC

Certified Public Accountants

and

Business Advisors

**REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND
REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE
REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE**

Independent Auditor's Report

Kentucky State Committee for
School District Audits
Members of the Board of Education
Barbourville Independent School District
Barbourville, Kentucky

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program *Opinion on Each Major Federal Program*

We have audited Barbourville Independent School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Barbourville Independent School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The Barbourville Independent School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Barbourville Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in *Appendix I to the Independent Auditor's Contract-General Audit Requirements*, and *Appendix II to the Independent Auditor's Contract-State Audit Requirements*. Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Barbourville Independent School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance with each major federal program. Our audit does not provide legal determination of the Barbourville Independent School District's compliance.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.



Cloyd & Associates, PSC

Certified Public Accountants
and
Business Advisors

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our responsibility is to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Barbourville Independent School District's Compliance based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in *Appendix I to the Independent Auditor's Contract-General Audit Requirements*, and *Appendix II to the Independent Auditor's Contract-State Audit Requirements*. Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Barbourville Independent School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of Barbourville Independent School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Barbourville Independent School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Barbourville Independent School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.





Cloyd & Associates, PSC

*Certified Public Accountants
and
Business Advisors*

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cloyd & Associates, PSC

Cloyd & Associates, PSC
London, Kentucky
November 10, 2022



SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

BARBOURVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – MAJOR PROGRAMS
 Year ended June 30, 2022

Section I – Summary of Auditor’s Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued		Unmodified	
Internal control over financial reporting:			
Material weakness identified	_____	Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No
Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses	_____	Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statement noted	_____	Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:			
Material weaknesses identified	_____	Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No
Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses	_____	Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> None reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs		Unmodified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR Section 200.516(a)?	_____	Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No

Identification of major programs:

<u>Name of Federal Program or Cluster</u>	<u>CFDA Number</u>
---	--------------------

Education Stabilization Fund

COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D
COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425U

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B program	\$750,000
--	-----------

Auditee qualified as low risk	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>	No
-------------------------------	-------------------------------------	-----	--------------------------	----

(continued)

BARBOURVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – MAJOR PROGRAMS - CONTINUED
Year ended June 30, 2022

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

None

Section III – Federal Award Findings

None

BARBOURVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS
Year ended June 30, 2022

Status of Prior Year Findings

There were no prior year audit findings

MANAGEMENT LETTER COMMENTS



Cloyd & Associates, PSC

*Certified Public Accountants
and
Business Advisors*

Members of the Board of Education
Barbourville Independent School District
Barbourville, Kentucky

In planning and performing our audit of the basic financial statements of Barbourville Independent School District for the year ended June 30, 2022, we considered the District's internal control structure to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the basic financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

We did not note matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiency that we believed needed to be brought to the attention of management. This letter does not affect our report thereon dated November 10, 2022, on the basic financial statements of Barbourville Independent School District.

If applicable, we will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. We have already discussed these comments and suggestions with various District personnel, and we will be pleased to discuss them in further detail at your convenience, to perform any additional study of these matters, or to assist you in implementing the recommendations.

Respectfully,

Cloyd & Associates, PSC

Cloyd & Associates, PSC
London, Kentucky
November 10, 2022

BARBOURVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT LETTER COMMENTS
June 30, 2022

Prior Year Comments – School Activity Funds

There were no comments made during the prior year.

Current Year Comments – School Activity Funds

There were no comments made during the year.